

# 1 Pairwise Alignments - gap costs

Generelt

~~Høj~~ Ensartethed i selvensen har høj sandsynlighed for at have ensartet funktion eller struktur.

Edit Distance

Number of operations needed to transform A into B

$a \rightarrow -$  deletion

$a \rightarrow b$  substitution

$- \rightarrow b$  insertion

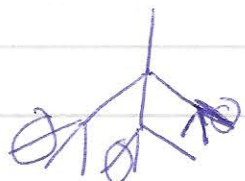
In bioinformatics  $a \rightarrow g$  might be more alike than  $a \rightarrow c$ . Therefore a score matrix is defined along with a gapcost.

Linear gapcost

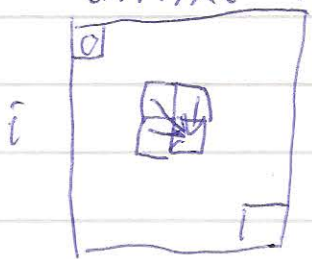
Given  $A, B, s$ , gapcost find OPT alignment of  $A, B$ .  
Define  $\text{cost}(i, j) \equiv \text{cost of OPT}(A[1 \dots i], B[1 \dots j])$

$$\text{cost}(i, j) = \max \begin{cases} 0 \\ \text{cost}(i, j-1) + s(A[i], B[j]) & \begin{bmatrix} \text{~~~~~} A[i] \\ \text{~~~~~} B[j] \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{cost}(i-1, j) + \text{gapcost} & \begin{bmatrix} \text{~~~~~} A[i] \\ \text{~~~~~} - \end{bmatrix} \\ \text{cost}(i, j-1) + \text{gapcost} & \begin{bmatrix} \text{~~~~~} - \\ \text{~~~~~} B[j] \end{bmatrix} \end{cases}$$

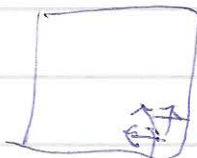
rekursion vil beregne samme resultat mange gange



benyt i stedet dynamisk programmering.  
 $(n+1) \times (m+1)$ ,  $i, j$



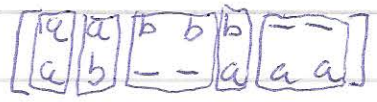
### Backtracking



←  $B[i, j]$   
 ↖  $A[i, j]$   
 ↖  $B[i, j]$   
 ↖  $A[i, j]$

### General gapcost

cost =  $\sum_{\text{blocks}}$  "cost of block"

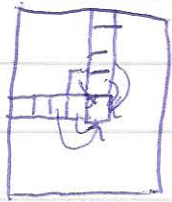


$$S(i, j) = \max \begin{cases} 0 \\ S(i-1, j-1) + S(A[i], B[i]) \\ \max_{0 < k \leq i} (S(i-k, j) + g(k)) \\ \max_{0 < k \leq j} (S(i, j-k) + g(k)) \end{cases}$$

$A[i]$   
 $B[i]$

$A[i-k+1] \dots A[i]$

$B[j-k+1] \dots B[j]$



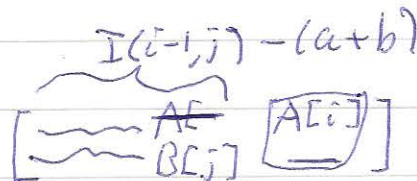
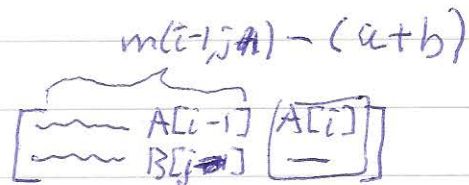
Each cell:  $O(n)$   
 Cells:  $O(n^2)$   
 Total:  $O(n^3)$

# Affine gap cost

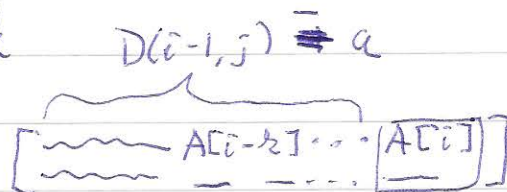
$$g(k) = a \cdot k + b$$

Definition

1) New block

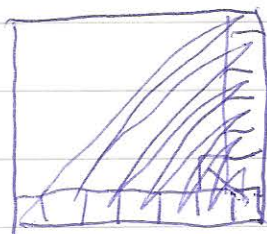


2) Extension of block



$$D(i, j) = \max \begin{cases} m(i-1, j) - (a+b) \\ I(i-1, j) - (a+b) \\ D(i-1, j) - a \end{cases} = \max \begin{cases} S(i-1, j) - (a+b) \\ D(i-1, j) - a \end{cases}$$

Backtracking



$O(k)$  for  $k$  steps  
 $O(n)$  total.